Spiritual Disciplines Within The Church Chapter 3: Why Join a Church?

Introduction:

Have you ever wondered whether or not you are commanded of the Lord to join a church? What if you come to every service and join in worshiping the Lord but are not a member? The following chapter should help answer these and other questions.

I. Scripture indicates church membership in New Testament times.

- A. The instructions for church discipline.
 - 1. How the church should respond when someone within the church persists in living like an <u>unbeliever</u>. (Matt. 18:15-17)
 - 2. This formal relationship gives us the right to "put away" an unrepentant person.
 - 3. Church discipline must be done by the "church." (Matt. 18:17, I Cor. 5:4)
 - 4. Must be limited to a specific group—and that must mean the church members.
- B. The meaning of the word "join."
 - 1. Informal: assumed relationship.
 - 2. Formal: to glue or cement together. (Acts 5:13)
- C. The meaning of "the whole church."
 - 1. "Therefore if the whole church comes together in one place . . ." (I Cor. 14:23)
 - 2. Verifiable membership.
- D. The instructions for pastoral oversight and spiritual leadership. (I Tim. 3:1)
 - 1. There must be a distinguishable, mutually understood membership.
 - 2. The local church is compared to a family. (I Tim. 3:5)
 - 3. He must learn to care for his <u>family</u> first and then the church as if it were his own family. (I Tim. 3:5)
- E. The Biblical metaphors used to describe <u>local</u> churches. (Acts 20:28, Eph. 2:21, I Cor.12:27)
 - 1. Flock: The shepherd knows his sheep.
 - 2. Temple: No place for loose stones.
 - 3. Body: Joined.
 - 4. Household: You are either a member or you are not.

II. There are Biblical reasons for joining church.

- A. You <u>prove</u> that you are not ashamed to identify with Christ or His people. (Mark 3:38)
- B. You stop being an independent Christian. (Matt. 18:15-17)
- C. You participate in a stronger, more unified effort of God's people.
- D. You have a greater opportunity to use your spiritual gifts. (I Cor. 12:4-11)
- E. You openly demonstrate the reality of the body of Christ. (I Cor. 12:27)
- F. You participate in a more balanced ministry. (Eph. 4:11-16)
- G. You demonstrate your commitment "to the proper working of each individual part." (Eph. 4:16)
- H. You encourage new believers to <u>commit</u> to the local body of Christ. (Hebrews 10:24-25)
- I. You encourage a ministry when you consider it faithful and join it. (Heb. 10:25)